HOUSE BILL No. 1329

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 11-8-8-21; IC 11-13-3-4; IC 20-30-5.5; IC 34-24-1-1; IC 35-38-2-2.2; IC 35-42-4-12; IC 36-2-13-5.6.

Synopsis: Sex offenses and children. Changes the annual sex and violent offender fee to a monthly fee that is at least \$50 but may not be more than 10% of the offender's net monthly income. Provides that, as a condition of probation or parole, a sex offender: (1) must consent to the search of the sex offender's computer at any time; (2) must permit disclosure by the sex offender's Internet service provider of the sex offender's Internet usage; (3) may be prohibited by a probation or parole officer from using or accessing certain web sites, chat rooms, or instant messaging programs; and (4) may not delete, erase, or tamper with information on the sex offender's computer that relates to Internet usage. Requires a school corporation to include a mandatory instructional unit on safely using the Internet for grades 3 and above. Makes it a Class A misdemeanor for a person at least 21 years of age to propose a face to face meeting with a child less than 14 years of age by computer network or cellular telephone text message if the communication between the parties involves a reference to sexual activity, and enhances the crime to a Class D felony for a second or subsequent offense. Specifically provides that law enforcement officials may seize computers and other equipment used to commit or facilitate sex crimes.

Effective: July 1, 2008.

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January 15, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1329

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 11-8-8-21, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,
SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 21. (a) The state sex and violent offender
administration fund is established to assist the department in carrying
out its duties under IC 11-8-2-12.4 concerning the Indiana sex and
violent offender registry. The fund shall be administered by the
department.

- (b) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund.
 - (c) The fund consists of:
 - (1) grants;
 - (2) donations;
- 13 (3) appropriations;
 - (4) money from the annual monthly sex or violent offender registration fee (IC 36-2-13-5.6(a)(1)(A)); and
 - (5) money from the sex or violent offender address change fee (IC 36-2-13-5.6(a)(1)(B)).



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IN 1329—LS 7024/DI 106+

1	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
2	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
3	manner as other public money may be invested.
4	(e) Money in the fund is continually appropriated to carry out the
5	purposes of the fund.
6	SECTION 2. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
7	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on parole is that
9	the parolee not commit a crime during the period of parole.
10	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional
11	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one
12	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably
13	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
14	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
15	(c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a
16	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
17	statement shall be:
18	(1) retained by the parolee;
19	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's
20	supervision; and
21	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
22	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee
23	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
24	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.
25	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
26	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
27	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
28	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
29	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
30	(1) consider:
31	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
32	incarceration; and
33	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
34	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
35	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on
36	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful
37	reintegration into the community.
38	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
39	parolee to:
40	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
41	IC 14-15-8-1) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
42	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and



1 2	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to the parole board by the laboratory.	
3	The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test	
4	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be	
5	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this	
6	subsection.	
7	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:	
8	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender (as defined in	
9	IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:	
.0	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders	
1	approved by the parole board; and	
2	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)	
3	years of age unless the parolee:	
4	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or	
5	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to	
6	in clause (A); and	
7	(2) shall:	
.8	(A) require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as	
9	defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a local law	
20	enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;	
21	(B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing	
22	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined	
23	in IC 35-41-1-24.7) for the period of parole, unless the sex	
24	offender obtains written approval from the parole board;	_
25	(C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex	
26	offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within	_
27	one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense	
28	unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;	
29	and	
30	(D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning,	
31	operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at	
32	any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children	
3	less than sixteen (16) years of age;	
54 55	(E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:	
66	(i) to the search of the sex offender's computer at any time; and	
57	(ii) to the disclosure of the sex offender's Internet usage	
88	by the sex offender's Internet service provider; and	
19	(F) prohibit the sex offender from:	
10	(i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or	
1	instant messaging programs; and	
12	(ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on	
	()	



1	the sex offender's computer that relates to the person's
2	Internet usage.
3	The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined
4	in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children
5	under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the
6	parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand
7	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole
8	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the
9	sex offender's residence of the order.
10	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender
11	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is
12	confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under
13	IC 35-38-2-2.5.
14	(i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee
15	to participate in a reentry court program.
16	(j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
17	(1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator
18	under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and
19	(2) may require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as
20	defined in IC 11-8-8-5);
21	to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can
22	transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a
23	person's precise location.
24	(k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in
25	accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of
26	stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence
27	of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5)
28	years.
29	SECTION 3. IC 20-30-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
30	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2008]:
32	Chapter 5.5. Internet Safety
33	Sec. 1. Each school corporation shall include in the school
34	corporation's curriculum for grades 3 and above instruction
35	concerning safe usage of the Internet by children.
36	Sec. 2. The:
37	(1) department shall develop guidelines; and
38	(2) state board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2;
39	concerning the instruction required under this chapter to assist
40	teachers assigned to teach the material described in this chapter.
41	Sec. 3. Guidelines and rules adopted under section 2 of this
42	chapter must cover:



1	(1) safe online communication;
2	(2) privacy protection;
3	(3) cyberbullying;
4	(4) viewing inappropriate material;
5	(5) file sharing;
6	(6) the importance of open communication with responsible
7	adults; and
8	(7) any other material that the department or the state board
9	finds will assist children in using the Internet safely.
10	SECTION 4. IC 34-24-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2007,
11	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. (a) The following may be seized:
13	(1) All vehicles (as defined by IC 35-41-1), if they are used or are
14	intended for use by the person or persons in possession of them to
15	transport or in any manner to facilitate the transportation of the
16	following:
17	(A) A controlled substance for the purpose of committing,
18	attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any of the
19	following:
20	(i) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug
21	(IC 35-48-4-1).
22	(ii) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
23	(iii) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
24	(IC 35-48-4-2).
25	(iv) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
26	(IC 35-48-4-3).
27	(v) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance
28	(IC 35-48-4-4).
29	(vi) Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
30	(vii) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-6).
31	(viii) Possession of methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-6.1).
32	(ix) Dealing in paraphernalia (IC 35-48-4-8.5).
33	(x) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish
34	(IC 35-48-4-10).
35	(B) Any stolen (IC 35-43-4-2) or converted property
36	(IC 35-43-4-3) if the retail or repurchase value of that property
37	is one hundred dollars (\$100) or more.
38	(C) Any hazardous waste in violation of IC 13-30-10-4.
39	(D) A bomb (as defined in IC 35-41-1-4.3) or weapon of mass
40	destruction (as defined in IC 35-41-1-29.4) used to commit,
41	used in an attempt to commit, or used in a conspiracy to
42	commit an offense under IC 35-47 as part of or in furtherance



1	of an act of terrorism (as defined by IC 35-41-1-26.5).	
2	(2) All money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons,	
3	communications devices, or any property used to commit, used in	
4	an attempt to commit, or used in a conspiracy to commit an	
5	offense under IC 35-47 as part of or in furtherance of an act of	
6	terrorism or commonly used as consideration for a violation of	
7	IC 35-48-4 (other than items subject to forfeiture under	
8	IC 16-42-20-5 or IC 16-6-8.5-5.1 before its repeal):	
9	(A) furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in	
10	exchange for an act that is in violation of a criminal statute;	
11	(B) used to facilitate any violation of a criminal statute; or	
12	(C) traceable as proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute.	
13	(3) Any portion of real or personal property purchased with	
14	money that is traceable as a proceed of a violation of a criminal	
15	statute.	
16	(4) A vehicle that is used by a person to:	
17	(A) commit, attempt to commit, or conspire to commit;	
18	(B) facilitate the commission of; or	
19	(C) escape from the commission of;	
20	murder (IC 35-42-1-1), kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), criminal	
21	confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), rape (IC 35-42-4-1), child molesting	
22	(IC 35-42-4-3), or child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4), or an offense	
23	under IC 35-47 as part of or in furtherance of an act of terrorism.	
24	(5) Real property owned by a person who uses it to commit any of	
25	the following as a Class A felony, a Class B felony, or a Class C	
26	felony:	
27	(A) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug	
28	(IC 35-48-4-1).	
29	(B) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).	
30	(C) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance	
31	(IC 35-48-4-2).	
32	(D) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance	
33	(IC 35-48-4-3).	
34	(E) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish (IC 35-48-4-10).	
35	(6) Equipment and recordings used by a person to commit fraud	
36	under IC 35-43-5-4(10).	
37	(7) Recordings sold, rented, transported, or possessed by a person	
38	in violation of IC 24-4-10.	
39	(8) Property (as defined by IC 35-41-1-23) or an enterprise (as	
40	defined by IC 35-45-6-1) that is the object of a corrupt business	
41	influence violation (IC 35-45-6-2).	
42	(9) Unlawful telecommunications devices (as defined in	



1	IC 35-45-13-6) and plans, instructions, or publications used to
2	commit an offense under IC 35-45-13.
3	(10) Any:
4	(A) equipment used or intended for use in preparing,
5	photographing, recording, videotaping, digitizing, printing,
6	copying, or disseminating matter in violation of IC 35-42-4-4;
7	and
8	(B) equipment, including computer equipment, used in
9	committing an offense under IC 35-42-4.
.0	(11) Destructive devices used, possessed, transported, or sold in
. 1	violation of IC 35-47.5.
2	(12) Tobacco products that are sold in violation of IC 24-3-5,
.3	tobacco products that a person attempts to sell in violation of
4	IC 24-3-5, and other personal property owned and used by a
.5	person to facilitate a violation of IC 24-3-5.
. 6	(13) Property used by a person to commit counterfeiting or
.7	forgery in violation of IC 35-43-5-2.
. 8	(14) After December 31, 2005, if a person is convicted of an
9	offense specified in IC 25-26-14-26(b) or IC 35-43-10, the
20	following real or personal property:
21	(A) Property used or intended to be used to commit, facilitate,
22	or promote the commission of the offense.
23	(B) Property constituting, derived from, or traceable to the
24	gross proceeds that the person obtained directly or indirectly
2.5	as a result of the offense.
26	(15) Except as provided in subsection (e), a motor vehicle used by
27	a person who operates the motor vehicle:
28	(A) while intoxicated, in violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through
29	IC 9-30-5-5, if in the previous five (5) years the person has two
30	(2) or more prior unrelated convictions:
51	(i) for operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated in
32	violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
33	(ii) for an offense that is substantially similar to IC 9-30-5-1
34	through IC 9-30-5-5 in another jurisdiction; or
55	(B) on a highway while the person's driver's license is
66	suspended in violation of IC 9-24-19-2 through IC 9-24-19-4,
57	if in the previous five (5) years the person has two (2) or more
8	prior unrelated convictions:
19	(i) for operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated in
10	violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
1	(ii) for an offense that is substantially similar to IC 9-30-5-1
12	through IC 9-30-5-5 in another jurisdiction.



1	If a court orders the seizure of a motor vehicle under this
2	subdivision, the court shall transmit an order to the bureau or
3	motor vehicles recommending that the bureau not permit a motor
4	vehicle to be registered in the name of the person whose motor
5	vehicle was seized until the person possesses a current driving
6	license (as defined in IC 9-13-2-41).
7	(b) A vehicle used by any person as a common or contract carrier in
8	the transaction of business as a common or contract carrier is no
9	subject to seizure under this section, unless it can be proven by a
10	preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the vehicle knowingly
11	permitted the vehicle to be used to engage in conduct that subjects it to
12	seizure under subsection (a).
13	(c) Equipment under subsection (a)(10) may not be seized unless i
14	can be proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the
15	equipment knowingly permitted the equipment to be used to engage in
16	conduct that subjects it to seizure under subsection (a)(10).
17	(d) Money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons
18	communications devices, or any property commonly used as
19	consideration for a violation of IC 35-48-4 found near or on a persor
20	who is committing, attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any
21	of the following offenses shall be admitted into evidence in an action
22	under this chapter as prima facie evidence that the money, negotiable
23	instrument, security, or other thing of value is property that has beer
24	used or was to have been used to facilitate the violation of a crimina
25	statute or is the proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute:
26	(1) IC 35-48-4-1 (dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a
27	narcotic drug).
28	(2) IC 35-48-4-1.1 (dealing in methamphetamine).
29	(3) IC 35-48-4-2 (dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled
30	substance).
31	(4) IC 35-48-4-3 (dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance)
32	(5) IC 35-48-4-4 (dealing in a schedule V controlled substance)
33	as a Class B felony.
34	(6) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug) as a
35	Class A felony, Class B felony, or Class C felony.
36	(7) IC 35-48-4-6.1 (possession of methamphetamine) as a Class
37	A felony, Class B felony, or Class C felony.
38	(8) IC 35-48-4-10 (dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish) as
39	a Class C felony.
40	(e) A motor vehicle operated by a person who is not:
41	(1) an owner of the motor vehicle; or

(2) the spouse of the person who owns the motor vehicle;



1	is not subject to seizure under subsection (a)(15) unless it can be	
2	proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the	
3	vehicle knowingly permitted the vehicle to be used to engage in	
4	conduct that subjects it to seizure under subsection (a)(15).	
5	SECTION 5. IC 35-38-2-2.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
6	SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.2. As a condition of probation for a sex offender	
8	(as defined in IC 11-8-8-4.5), the court shall:	
9	(1) require the sex offender to register with the local law	
10	enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8; and	
11	(2) prohibit the sex offender from residing within one thousand	
12	(1,000) feet of school property (as defined in IC 35-41-1-24.7) for	
13	the period of probation, unless the sex offender obtains written	
14	approval from the court;	
15	(3) require the sex offender to consent:	
16	(A) to the search of the sex offender's computer at any	
17	time; and	
18	(B) to the disclosure of the sex offender's Internet usage by	
19	the sex offender's Internet service provider; and	
20	(4) prohibit the sex offender from:	
21	(A) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or	_
22	instant messaging programs; and	
23	(B) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the	
24	sex offender's computer that relates to the person's	
25	Internet usage.	
26	If the court allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand	
27	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2), the court shall	
28	notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the sex	
29	offender's residence of the order. However, a court may not allow a sex	
30	offender who is a sexually violent predator (as defined in	
31	IC 35-38-1-7.5) or an offender against children under IC 35-42-4-11 to	
32	reside within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property.	
33	SECTION 6. IC 35-42-4-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
34	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
35	1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) This section does not apply to the following:	
36	(1) A parent, guardian, or custodian of the child.	
37	(2) A person whom the child's parent, guardian, or custodian	
38	permits or has permitted the child to meet face to face.	
39	(3) A person to whom the child makes a report of abuse or	
40	neglect.	
41	(4) A person to whom the child reports medical symptoms	
42	that relate to or may relate to sexual activity.	



1	(b) As used in this section, "propose" means to command,
2	authorize, urge, incite, request, or advise an individual.
3	(c) As used in this section, "reference to sexual activity" means
4	any reference to sexual intercourse, deviate sexual conduct, or the
5	fondling or touching of the buttocks, genitals, or female breasts.
6	(d) A person who knowingly or intentionally proposes a face to
7	face meeting with an individual whom the person believes to be a
8	child less than fourteen (14) years of age by using a computer
9	network (as defined in IC 35-43-2-3(a)) or the text messaging
10	function of a cellular telephone service commits improper
11	communication with a minor, a Class A misdemeanor, if:
12	(1) the person is at least twenty-one (21) years of age; and
13	(2) the communication by computer network or text
14	messaging function involves, or a previous communication
15	between the person and the child involved, a reference to
16	sexual activity.
17	However, the offense is a Class D felony if the person has a prior
18	unrelated conviction under this section.
19	(e) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the
20	person reasonably believed that a face to face meeting with the
21	child was necessary to prevent harm to the child or another person.
22	SECTION 7. IC 36-2-13-5.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,
23	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.6. (a) The legislative body of a county may
25	adopt an ordinance:
26	(1) requiring the local law enforcement authority (as defined in
27	IC 11-8-8-2) to collect:
28	(A) an annual a monthly sex or violent offender registration
29	fee; and
30	(B) a sex or violent offender address change fee; and
31	(2) establishing a county sex and violent offender administration
32	fund to fund the administration of the sex and violent offender
33	registration system.
34	(b) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (a), the legislative
35	body of the county shall establish the amount of the annual monthly
36	sex or violent offender registration fee. However, The annual monthly
37	sex or violent offender registration fee may not exceed must be at least
38	fifty dollars (\$50). However, the monthly fee may not exceed ten
39	percent (10%) of a sex or violent offender's net monthly income.
40	(c) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (a), the legislative
41	body of the county shall establish the amount of the sex or violent
42	offender address change fee. However, a sex or violent offender



address change fee may not exceed five dollars (\$5) per address	
change.	
(d) The legislative body of the county shall determine the manner	
in which the local law enforcement authority shall collect the annual	
monthly sex or violent offender registration fee and the sex or violent	
offender address change fee. However, the annual sex or violent	
offender registration fee may be collected only one (1) time per year.	
The sex or violent offender address change fee may be collected each	
time a sex or violent offender registers an address change with the local	
law enforcement authority.	
(e) The local law enforcement authority shall transfer fees collected	
under this section to the county auditor of the county in which the local	
law enforcement authority exercises jurisdiction.	
(f) The county auditor shall monthly:	
(1) deposit ninety percent (90%) of any fees collected under this	
section in the county sex and violent offender administration fund	
established under subsection (a); and	
(2) transfer ten percent (10%) of any fees collected under this	
section to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state sex and	
violent offender administration fund under IC 11-8-8-21.	
(g) A county fiscal body may appropriate money from the county	
sex and violent offender administration fund to an agency or	
organization involved in the administration of the sex and violent	
offender registry to defray the expense of administering or ensuring	
compliance with the laws concerning the Indiana sex and violent	
offender registry.	
SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] IC 35-42-4-12, as	
added by this act, applies only to crimes committed after June 30,	
2008.	

